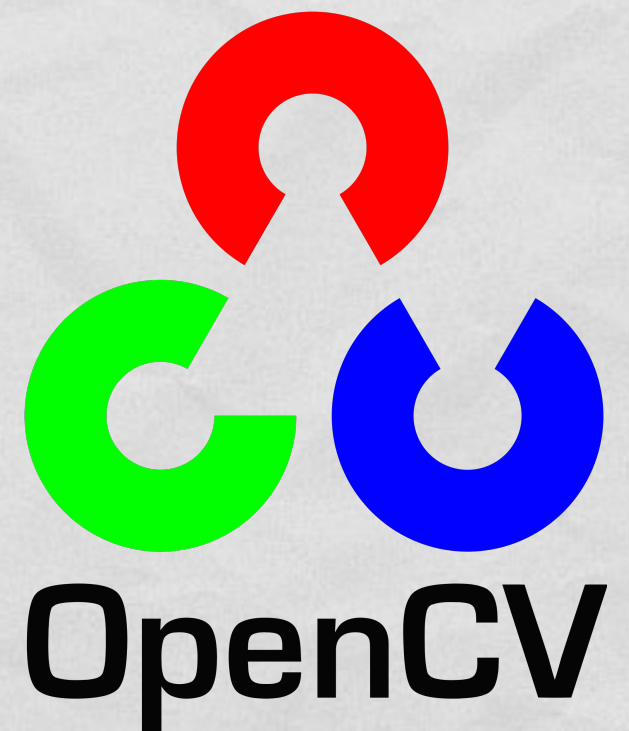


EMBEDDED SYSTEMS PROGRAMMING 2014-15

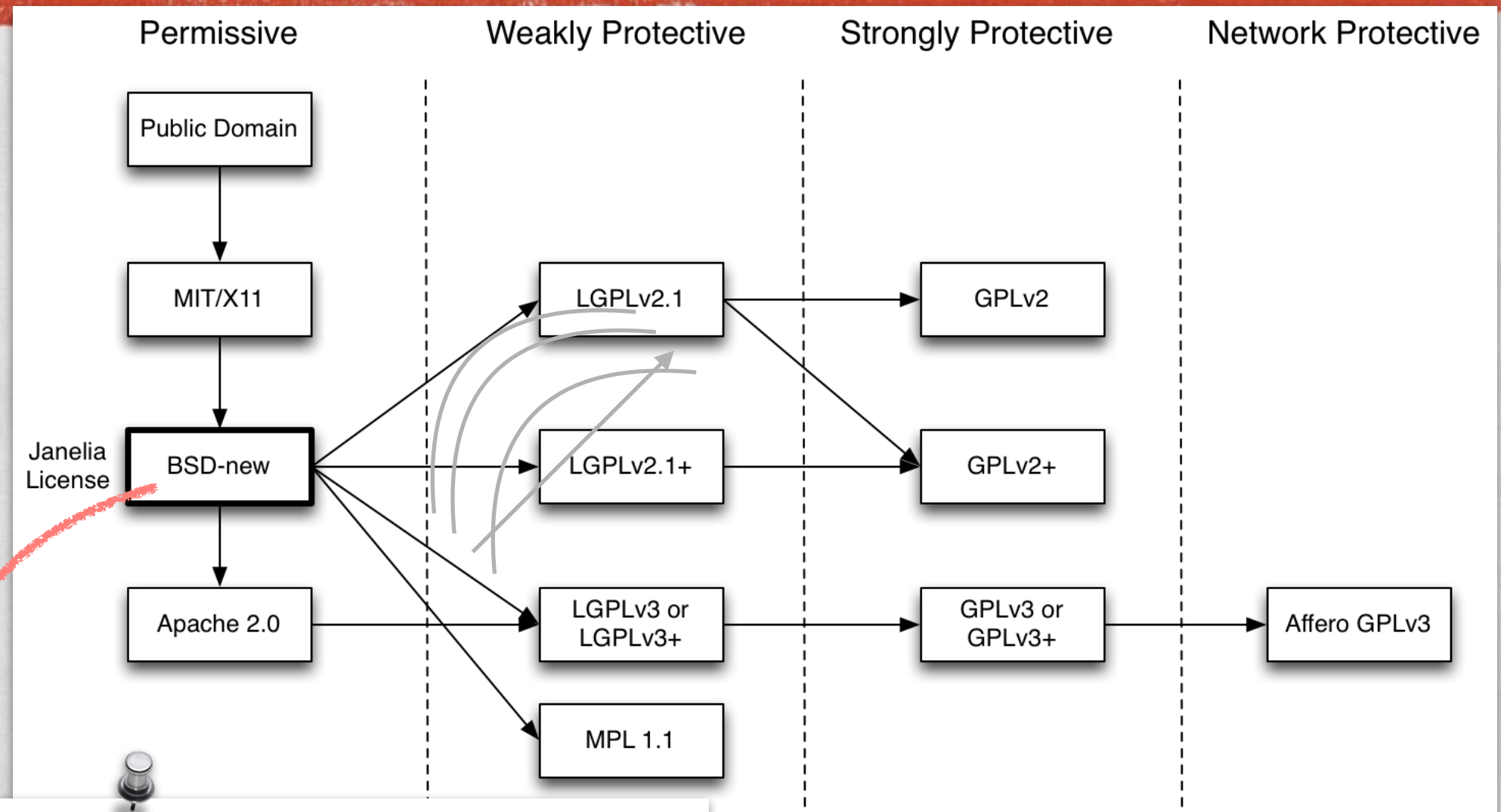
OpenCV

OPENCV

- “OpenCV” = “Open Computer Vision”:
library of computer vision algorithms,
free and open source
- Cover machine learning as well
- Supports Windows, Mac OS, Linux,
Android, iOS
- Written C++;
interfaces also in C, Python, Java, MATLAB



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OPENCV:APPLICATIONS

- Facial recognition
- Gesture recognition
and human-computer interaction in general
- Augmented reality
- Motion tracking
- Mobile robotics

OPENCV: MODULES (1/4)

- ➔ **core**: contains all of the basic object types and their basic operations
- ➔ **imgproc**: basic transformations on images, filters and convolutional operators
- ➔ **highgui**: platform-independent GUI and media I/O functions to read/display images, or to get user input
- ➔ **video**: motion analysis and object tracking
- **calib3d**: camera calibration and 3D reconstruction

OPENCV: MODULES (2/4)

- ➔ ● **features2d**: algorithms for detecting, describing and matching keypoint features
- ➔ ● **objdetect**: algorithms for detecting specific objects (requires training)
- ➔ ● **ml**: algorithms for statistical classification, regression and clustering of data
- **flann**: clustering and search in multi-D spaces (mostly used by other OpenCV modules)

OPENCV: MODULES (3/4)

- **photo**: computational photography (inpainting, image denoising)
- **stitching**: image stitching pipeline
- **superres**: a few algorithms to enhance image resolution by exploiting the information in multiple frames
- **viz**: functions for 3D visualization

OPENCV: MODULES (4/4)

- **gpu**: CUDA-accelerated computer vision
- **ocl**: OpenCL-accelerated computer vision
- **contrib**: contributed/experimental functionality
- **nonfree**: non-free (e.g., patented) functionality
- **legacy**: deprecated functionality

CORE

- **Data structures (points, arrays, matrices...)**
- **Operations on data structures**
including DCT, DFT, sorting, PCA, SVD, eigenvalues, eigenvectors
- **Clustering, partitioning**
- **Drawing functions**
- **XML/YAML file storage**

COMMON DATA TYPES

- **Point**: 2-D point
- **Point3**: 3-D point
- **Scalar**: 4-element vector
- **Mat**: n -dimensional dense array
(i.e., n -dimensional dense matrix)
- In C++ they are template classes,
in Java elements are doubles

IMGPROC (1/3)

- **Image filtering**
 - Blur, smooth, noise reduction, erosion/dilation
 - Computing image derivatives, edge detection
 - Convolution with a kernel
- **Image transformations**
 - Affine transform, perspective transform, resize
 - Rectification, compensation of lens distortion
 - Linear-polar space conversion, color space conversion
 - Flood fill, thresholding, image segmentation

IMGPROC (2/3)

- **Histograms**
- **Structural analysis and shape descriptors**
 - Contours: detection, calculation of lengths and areas
 - Image moments
 - Approximation of a polygonal curve
 - Fit with a line, bounding box, convex hull, circle, ellipse

IMGPROC (3/3)

- **Motion analysis and object tracking**
 - Accumulation of images (with weights)
 - Phase correlation
- **Feature and object detection**
 - Corner detection
 - Edge detection
 - Detection of lines and circles
 - Detection of an arbitrary template

HIGHGUI

- **Reading/writing image and video files**
Several image formats: BMP, DIB, JPG, J2K, PNG, TIFF, PBM, ... Supported video codecs are platform-dependent.
Images are read from / stored to matrices
- **Video capturing from cameras**
- **GUI functions for windows and mouse**

VIDEO

- **Optical flow**
- **Rigid transform estimation**
- **Motion estimation of a given silhouette**
- **Motion splitting into separate independent motions**
- **Background/foreground segmentation**

FEATURES2D

- **Common data structures**
E.g., the `Keypoint` class: models a salient point
- **Feature detection (several algorithms)**
- **Blob detection**

OBJDETECT

- Haar feature-based cascade of boosted classifiers
- Discriminatively trained latent SVM
- Both detectors require training
- Both must be applied repeatedly to the image at different positions and scales

ML (1/3)

- **Normal Bayes classifier**
Assumes that feature vectors from each class are normally distributed
- **K-nearest neighbors (K-NN)**
Classification outcome is determined by analyzing K of the nearest neighbors of the sample
- **Support vector machine (SVM)**
Both 2-class and n -class ($n \geq 2$) datasets are supported

ML (2/3)

- **Expectation maximization (EM)**
Iterative algorithm for maximum-likelihood estimates
- **Neural network**
Feed-forward multi-layer neural network.
Three common activation functions are supported
- **Decision tree**
Both ordered and categorical variables are possible

ML (3/3)

- **Random trees, extremely randomized trees**
Ensemble classifiers based on decision trees
- **Boosting**
ML technique to addresses misclassified instances with a multi-step training procedure
- **Gradient boosted trees**
Classification algorithm based on decision trees and boosting. n -class ($n \geq 2$) datasets are supported

OPENCV & JAVA

- Only a subset of modules: **core, imgproc, highgui, video, calib3d, features2d, objdetect, ml, photo.**
(Modules mapped to Java packages)
- Only a subset of algorithms/functions in such modules
- Additional **utils** package for data types conversion.
Additional **android** package: more about it later
- Documentation is lacking

CORE CLASS

- Available only in Java
- Part of the `core` package
- Collects, as static members, a large set of C++ functions for the manipulation of `Mats`

CORE CLASS: EXAMPLES

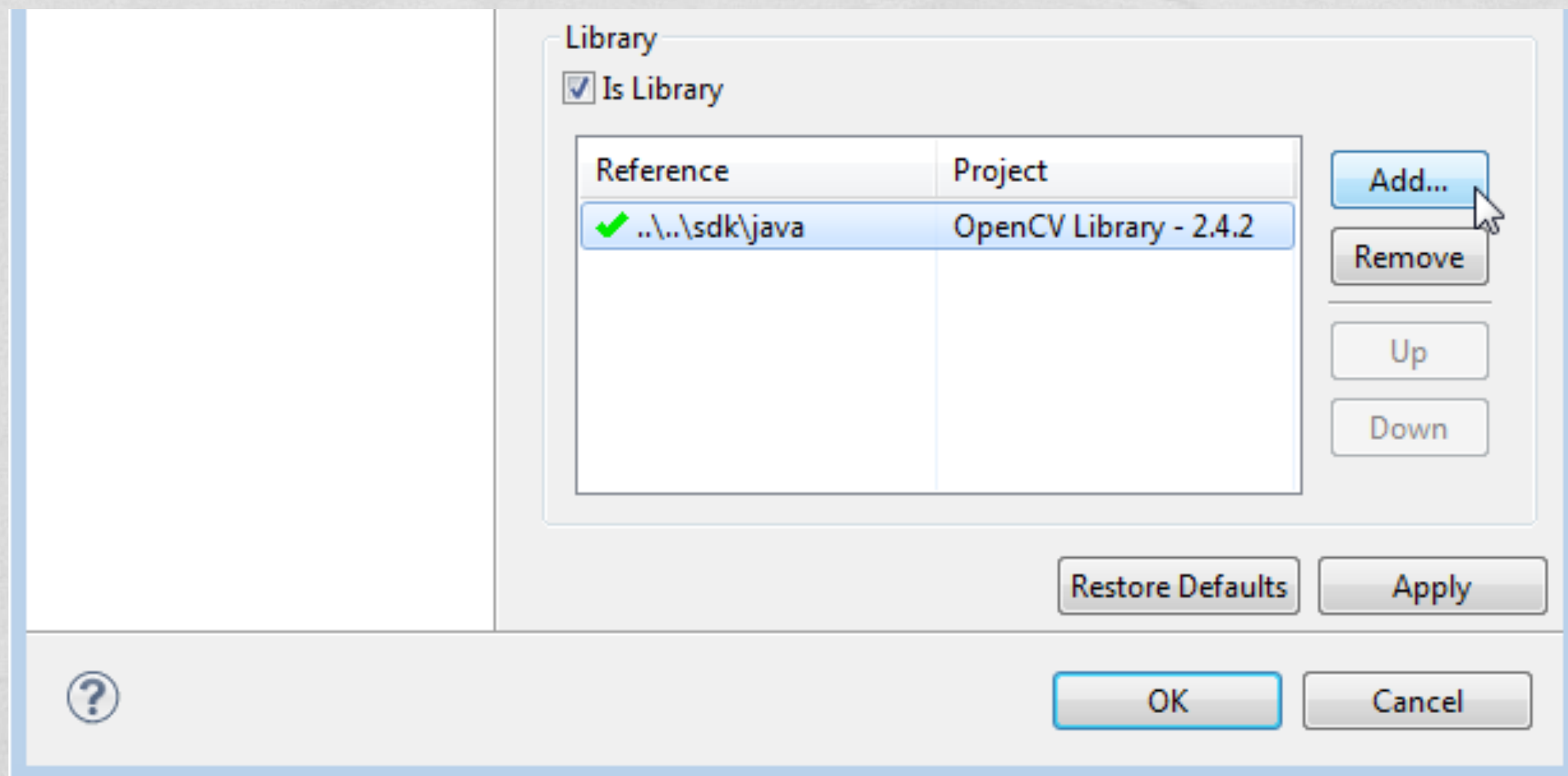
- **Basic, element-wise operations**
(e.g., calculating the absolute value of all `Mat` elements)
- **Matrix operations**
(calculating determinant, eigenvalues, PCA, SVD, ...)
- **Operations on pairs of `Mats`** (e.g., adding)
- **Transforms** (e.g., DCT, DFT)
- **“Image” operations** (e.g., flip a matrix along a row/column)

OPENCV & ANDROID

- **android module**
 - Interfaces and classes for initialization (more on initialization later)
 - Interfaces and classes to interact with the camera
 - `Utils` class for `mat` ↔ `Bitmap` conversion
 - `FpsMeter` class to calculate FPS and display result
- If the Java interface is limiting you, switch to the NDK and access the full-fledged OpenCV

OPENCV:ANDROID LIBRARY

- OpenCV library must be added to your project



OPENCV & NDK (1/2)

- Include OpenCV .mk file into `Android.mk`

```
LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)
```

```
include $(CLEAR_VARS)
```

```
include /path/OpenCV-2.4.11-android-sdk/sdk/native/jni/OpenCV.mk
```

```
LOCAL_MODULE      := HelloOCV_JNI
```

```
LOCAL_SRC_FILES   := HelloOCV_JNI.cpp
```

```
include $(BUILD_SHARED_LIBRARY)
```


OPENCV & NDK (2/2)

- The file `Application.mk` must exist and contain variables `APP_STL`, `APP_CPPFLAGS`, `APP_ABI`

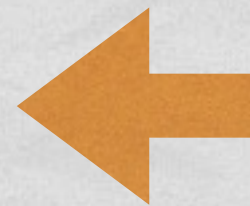
```
# The ARMv7 is significantly faster
# due to the use of the hardware FPU
APP_ABI := armeabi armeabi-v7a

APP_PLATFORM := android-8

APP_STL := gnu STL static
APP_CPPFLAGS := -frtti -fexceptions
```


ANDROID: INITIALIZATION

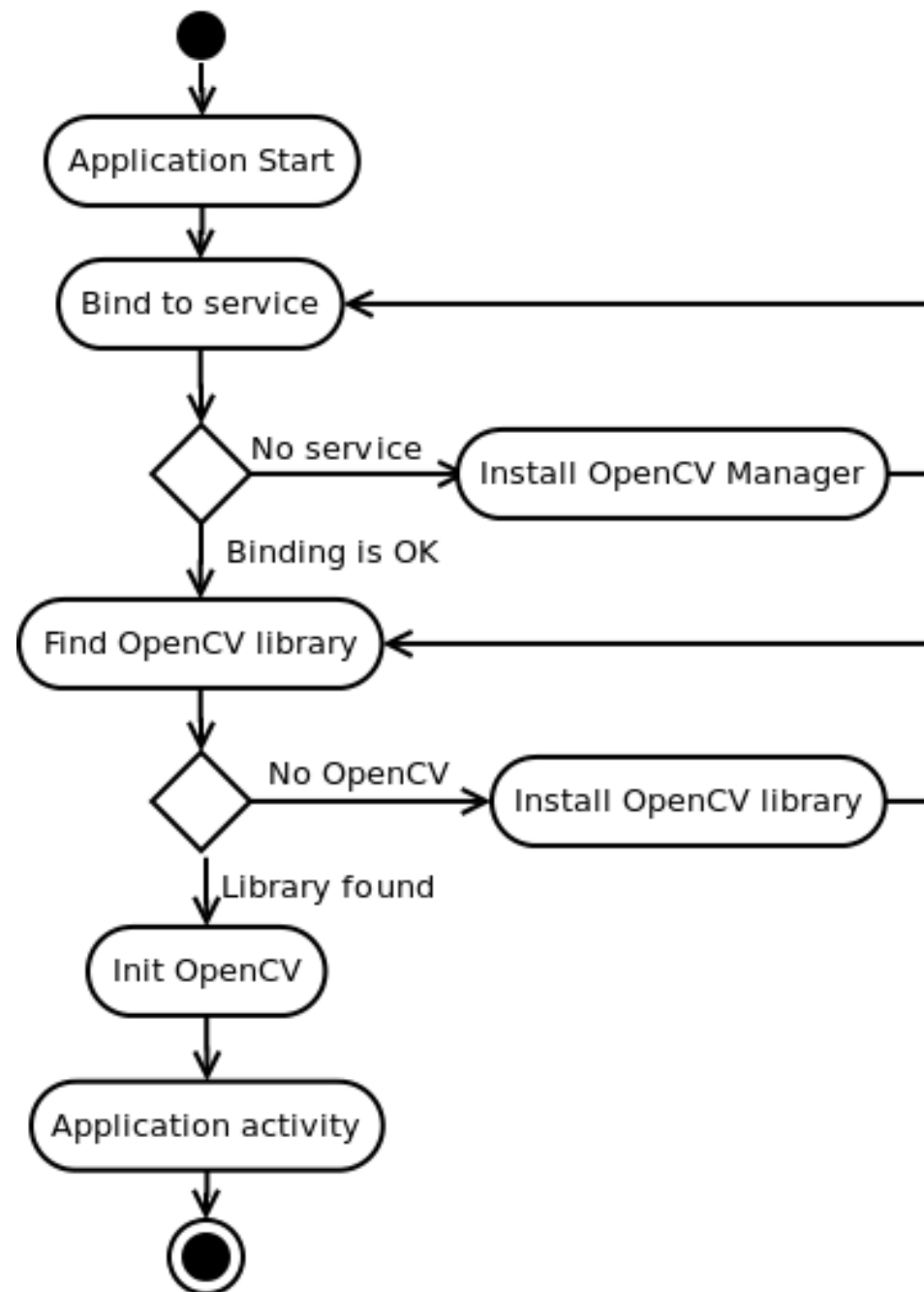
- **Static:** the app package contains all OpenCV binaries (actually, several copies of them: one for each supported platform)
 - Uses tens of MBs per app
 - App update required when a new OpenCV version is out
- **Dynamic:** OpenCV binaries contained in the auxiliary app **OpenCV Manager**



OPENCV MANAGER

- Contains all versions of OpenCV;
automatic HW acceleration on supported platforms
- Supports both Java and native code
- Must be installed separately
- Available in the Play Store
and in the OpenCV distribution package

INIT WITH OCV MANAGER



OPENCVLOADER CLASS

- Java class providing common initialization methods
- `static boolean initDebug()`
Static initialization
- `static boolean initAsync(String Version, Context AppContext, LoaderCallbackInterface Callback)`
Dynamic initialization with OpenCV version `version`.
Returns true if initialization started successfully

LOADERCALLBACKINTERFACE

- Java interface that specifies how initialization must be managed
- **void onManagerConnected(int status)**
Called after an attempt to connect to OpenCV Manager has been made. The initialization status can be SUCCESS, INCOMPATIBLE_MANAGER_VERSION, INSTALL_CANCELED, MARKET_ERROR, INIT_FAILED
- **void onPackageInstall (InstallCallbackInterface Callback)**
Called when package installation is needed

BASELOADERCALLBACK CLASS

- Java class implementing `LoaderCallbackInterface`
- Designed to work inside an activity; use inside a service requires modifications
- Calls `Activity.finish()` method to exit in case of initialization failure

INIT: EXAMPLE (1/2)

```
public class MyActivity extends Activity implements LoaderCallbackInterface
{
private BaseLoaderCallback mOpenCVCallBack = new BaseLoaderCallback(this)
{
@Override
public void onManagerConnected(int status)
{
switch (status)
{
case LoaderCallbackInterface.SUCCESS:
{
Log.i(TAG, "OpenCV loaded successfully");
// Create and set View
mView = new puzzle15View(mAppContext);
setContentView(mView);
} break;
default:
{
super.onManagerConnected(status);
} break;
}
}
};
```


INIT: EXAMPLE (2/2)

```
/** Call on every application resume */  
@Override  
protected void onResume ()  
{  
    Log.i (TAG, "Called onResume");  
    super.onResume ();  
  
    Log.i (TAG, "Trying to load OpenCV library");  
    if (!OpenCVLoader.initAsync (OpenCVLoader.OPENCV_VERSION_2_4_6,  
        this, mOpenCVCallback))  
    {  
        Log.e (TAG, "Cannot connect to OpenCV Manager");  
    }  
}
```


REFERENCES

- [OpenCV C++ API reference](#)
- [OpenCV Java API reference](#)
- [OCV4Android reference](#)
- [OpenCV cheat sheet \(C++\)](#)

LAST MODIFIED: APRIL 27, 2015

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